# DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

# **SUBMITTED TO CONGRESS MARCH 1996 FY 1997 BUDGET ESTIMATES**



Approved for public releases

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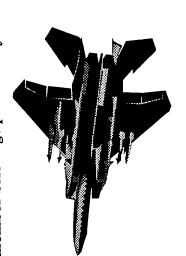
Readiness Justification Book, Air Force

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## INTRODUCTION

As directed in the 1993 Senate Appropriations Report, the Department of Defense began submitting a Readiness request. The Congress specified that the information provided in this report should include indicators for each military service which "describe historical trends in, the current status of, and future prospects for: achieving accession goals and quality; satisfying reenlistment requirements; meeting manpower C-rating requirements; Justification Book (J-Book), along with other justification materials to accompany the FY 1995 O&M budget manpower fill rates in critical force units; sustaining manpower skill levels, and training activities; meeting sustaining equipment fill rates; and achieving equipment mission capable rating goals." We have not attempted to reprint every readiness indicator used by the Air Force. Instead this Readiness J-Book is intended to supplement the O&M J-Book, various congressional committee hearings, and the congressional staff member briefings provided by various Air Force agencies.







# Section I: Military Personnel

Exhibit A, Military Personnel Inventories, Part I provides a summary of billets for the total Air Force.

- Programmed requirements are the budgeted end strength minus Individual Mobilization Augmentees (IMAs) assigned to the Air Force Reserve and individuals not in the force structure (i.e. transients, holdees, students, trainees, and cadets) plus unfunded wartime manpower requirements.
- Force Reserve and individuals not in the force structure (i.e. transients, holdees, students, trainees, and cadets). b. Budgeted end strength is the total end strength authorized by Congress less IMAs assigned to the Air
- c. Actual end strength is the number of personnel in, or projected to be in an organization or account at a specific point in time. For purposes of this exhibit, programmed IMAs and individuals not in the force structure were excluded.

inventories for only the tactical forces. Manpower numbers for tactical forces were based on program elements in tactical reconnaissance, tactical C3, tanker/cargo, and SOF Operations (minus SOF management headquarters). the following Defense Mission Categories (DMCs): air-to-air combat, air-to-ground combat, defense suppression, Exhibit A, Part IIA reflects military personnel inventories for tactical forces. The exhibit provides personnel

Exhibit A, Part IIB provides personnel inventories for bomber forces. Manpower numbers for bomber forces were based on program elements in the bomber DMC.

strength by grade to the actual reported strength by grade. Items excluded in Exhibit A are not excluded in this Exhibit B, Budgeted and Actual Military Personnel End Strength by Grade, compares active duty budgeted end

### Military Personnel Inventories US Air Force Part I Total Manning

	Programmed	Budgeted	Percent	Actual	Percent
	Manning	End Strength	Manning	End Strength	<u>Achieved</u>
FY1995					
Active	369,475	363,261	98.32%	366,070	%80'66
Reserve **					
Full-Time	648	648	100.00%	648	100.00%
Drill	65,430	64,799	99.04%	62,752	95.91%
Guard					
Full-Time	9,457	9,127	96.51%	9,127	96.51%
Drill	108,756	100,698	92.59%	100,698	92.59%
FY1996					
Active	359,330	352,174	98.01%		
Reserve **					
Full-Time	299	299	100.00%		
Drill	60,149	59,847	89.50%		
Guard					
Full-Time	10,372	10,066	97.05%		
Drill	104,867	102,641	97.88%		

#### F-hibit A

### Military Personnel Inventories US Air Force Part I Total Manning

	Programmed	Budgeted	Percent	Actual	Percent
	Manning	End Strength	Manning	End Strength	Achieved
FY1997					
Active	352,390	345,210	896.76		
Reserve					
Full-Time	693	693	100.00%		
Drill	59,678	59,188	99.18%		
Guard					
Full-Time	10,502	10,129	96.45%		
Drill	100,048	97,889	97.84%		

<sup>\*\*</sup> All significant variations in Air Force Reserve manning are due to F-16 and A-10 aircraft reductions as a part of the drawdown to 20 Fighter Wing Equivalents (FWE).

# Military Personnel Inventories US Air Force Part IIA Manning for Tactical Air Forces

	Decreement	Tall titl Manning for Lace	Donont	5 V	Dorcont
	rrogrammeu	Dangkeren	nercent.	וויייייין דו	Altional
	Manning	End Strength	Manning	End Strength	Achieved
FY1995					
Active	61,436	61,290	99.76%	61,250	%02.66
Reserve					
Full-Time	•	•			
Drill	7,532	7,507	%29.66	6,946	92.22%
Guard					
Full-Time	3,468	2,965	85.50%	2,965	85.50%
Drill	46,077	41,179	89.37%	41,179	89.37%
FY1996					
			,		
Active	59,452	59,304	99.75%		
Reserve					
Full-Time	•	•	•		
Drill	5,850	5,817	99.44%		
Guard					
Full-Time	3,102	2,890	93.17%		
Drill	41,218	39,248	95.22%		
FY1997					
Active	58,975	58,820	99.74%		
Reserve					
Full-Time	•	•	•		
Drill	5,852	5,819	99.44%		
Guard					
Full-Time	3,197	2,994	93.65%		
Drill	39,434	37,491	95.07%		

Note: Decreases between fiscal years are attributed to force structure adjustments.

## Military Personnel Inventories US Air Force Part IIB Manning for Bombers

	Programmed <u>Manning</u>	Budgeted End Strength	Percent Manning	Actual <u>End Strength</u>	Percent <u>Achieved</u>
FY1995 Active Reserve	12,025	12,000	99.79%	12,000	%62.66
Full-Time Drill Guard	- 586	500	85.32%	200	85.32%
Full-Time Drill FV1996	182	182	100.00%	182	100.00% 100.00%
Active Reserve	11,447	11,418	99.75%		
r an-111116 Drill Guard ***	575	575	100.00%		
Guaru Full-Time Drill	360 1,500	360 1,500	100.00% 100.00%		
Active Reserve	11,423	11,394	99.75%		
run-11me Drill Guard	575	575	100.00%		
Full-Time	360	360	100.00%		
Drill	1,500	1,500	100.00%		

All significant variations in manning due to a reduction in F-16 and A-10 aircraft as part of the drawdown to the 20 Fi Equivalent (FWE).

\*\*\* Increase from FY 1995 to FY 1996 is driven by B-1 mission changes.

Budgeted and Actual Military Personnel End Strength by Grade US Air Force

	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
E1-E4 Budgeted End Strength Actual	154,551 157,463	151,624	149,975
E5-E9 Budgeted End Strength Actual	163,800 160,475	156,648	152,680
Cadets Budgeted End Strength Actual	4,000	4,000	4,000
01-03 Budgeted End Strength Actual	46,866 47,837	44,658	43,684
04-06 Budgeted End Strength Actual	30,562 30,333	30,996	30,487
07-010 Budgeted End Strength Actual	272 274	274	274
Total Budgeted End Strength ** Actual	400,051	388,200	381,100

<sup>\*\*</sup> Decrease in budgeted end strength is due to force structure reductions.

# Section II: Military Personnel Accessions/Reenlistments

diploma and mental category. Non-prior service accessions are recruits who have no prior military service. Mental Exhibit C, Quality of Active Duty Enlisted Accessions, provides a breakout of Air Force accessions by high school test categories I-IIIA are recruits who score 50-99 percentile on the Armed Forces Qualification Test (AFQT), and mental test categories IIIB-IV score between 10-49 percentile. Prior Service recruits are individuals who have served at least 24 consecutive months in an active component.

Exhibit D, Enlisted Accessions, provides a breakout of Air Force accessions by component.

individuals who are reenlisting in the Air Force for the first time. Career are those who have reenlisted two or more times. Enlisted First Term Attrition includes those individuals who separate for any reason prior to completion of Exhibit E, Number of Enlisted Reenlistments, provides the number of active duty reenlistments. Initial Term are their initial term of service. Enlisted First Term Retention is the percentage of the eligible first termers who reenlisted



## Quality of Active Duty Enlisted Accessions US Air Force

	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate	
Non Frior Service Accessions With High School Diploma Without High School Diploma **	30,839	30,400	29,900 300	
Total	30,894	30,700	30,200	
Mental Category I-IIIA	25,927	26,100	25,700	
Mental Category IIIB-IV	4,967	4,600	4,500	
Total	30,894	30,700	30,200	
Non Prior Service Accessions	30,894	30,700	30,200	
Prior Service Accessions *	106	300	300	
Total Active Duty Accessions	31,000	30,700	30,200	

<sup>\*</sup> No set goals for prior service accessions. \*\*The without high school diploma figures shown represent the maximum AF will accept.

#### Enlisted Accessions US Air Force

Prior Service Estimate A
300
10,048
5,961
16,309
300
8,002
8,600
16,902
300
10,449
2,600
16,349

\* The active force does not set prior service goals but allows individuals with prior service in specific skills to enter the AF.

## Number of Enlisted Reenlistments US Air Force

	FY 1995 Budgeted	FY 1996 Budgeted	FY 1997 Budgeted
Initial Term Career	13,494 $37,171$	11,800 $35,300$	12,200 $34,600$
Total	50,665	47,100	46,800
Enlisted First Term Attrition	12,504	11,400	9,000
Enlisted First Term Retention (%)	64	09	09

# Section III: Operating TEMPO

Exhibit F, Training Opportunity Indicators, provides the hours per crew per month for major weapon system categories. This information does not include simulator time.

Total Programmed Flying Hours - Staff Hours II Hours per crew per month

Average Primary Aircraft Inventory x Crew Ratio x 12

Exhibit G, Strategic Surge Capability, displays the amount of prepositioned stocks afloat and ashore which can be delivered within 30 days.

- Mediterranean Sea, carrying a total of 52,000 short tons of Air Force munitions. The munitions are available to the a. Prepositioned material afloat is carried on three ships, one in the Indian Ocean and two in the first engaged CINC, and can be in any given theater in 2-22 days.
- (STAMP) available at two CONUS locations. STAMP is designed to enhance a theater's initial capability and can b. Prepositioned material ashore includes munitions and Air Force bare base equipment. Munitions are prepositioned in PACAF, CENTAF, and USAFE. In addition, there are 660 Standard Air Munitions Packages begin arriving in theater within 24 hours after notification.
- USAFE, CENTAF, and CONUS. Harvest Eagle will support a total of 14,000 personnel with basic billeting and c. Bare base equipment, better known as Harvest Eagle and Harvest Falcon, is prepositioned in PACAF, sanitation capability. Harvest Falcon will support a total of 55,000 people and over 750 generic aircraft at 15 different locations with heavy infrastructure capabilities.

### Exhibit F

### Training Opportunity Indicators (Quantities) Flying Hours Per Crew Per Month \* US Air Force

FY 1997	Frojected	19.3	19.9	16.2	23.8
FY 1996	rojected	20.0	19.7	15.4	24.0
FY 1995**	<u>r rojecteu</u>	19.9	20.7	16.0	24.0
	Air Force Active	Fighters	Bombers	Tankers	Airlift

\* Excludes Simulators and considers all combat coded operational aircraft.

\*\* Actuals not currently available

· Minor year-to-year fluctuations are normal and are caused by modification schedules, unit activation/deactivation and changing mission training requirements.

## Strategic Surge Capability US Air Force

FY 1997	3 51	38 276
FY 1996	3	37 287
FY 1995 FY 1996	3	36 317
	Prepositioned Material Afloat (Munitions only) Number of Ships Short Tons (000) *	Ashore (Munitions) Number of Sites Short Tons (000) *

Ashore (Other - USAF Bare Base Equipment)\*\*

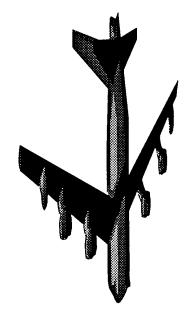
<u>II</u>	Reconstitution	11	19	20	1.5
	$\frac{\text{In-Use}}{\text{or}}$	6	4	က	4
Mission	Cap Sets	30	17	7	6.5
	Quantity	50 1100-Person Housekeeping Sets	40 Flightline Sets	15 Industrial Sets	12 1100-Person Housekeeping Sets
	Type	Harvest Falcon	Harvest Falcon	Harvest Falcon	Harvest Eagle

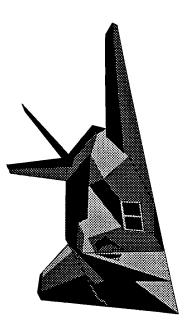
Explanation of changes:
\* Reductions in on-hand short-tons reflects reduced requirements and more effective munitions

\*\* There is an increase in Bare Base Mission Capable Sets from previous year; reflects AF initiatives to

# Section IV: Force Structure

Exhibit H, Mission Capable Rates, provides mission capable rates for the various weapon system categories. Mission capable indicates the aircraft can perform at least one of its assigned missions.





Force Structure - Active Mission Capable Rates Air Force Active

FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997 Estimate Estimate Estimate

	89.3	82.3	79.1
	84.3	78.9	77.8
	84.7	75.0	78.8
Mission Capable (%)	Fighters	Bombers	Airlift/Tankers